NOTES FOR PROFESSIONALS:

This is an example Scheme of work. You could create your own using the YGAM workbook and online resources provided; supplementing them with your own ideas and resources to align with your curriculum. This SOW covers topics such as loot boxes, Esports careers, gambling/gaming and mental health as well as safeguarding and responsibility. This KS5 SOW has been mapped to the KS5 PSHE programme of Study. We have created a map to show you how each lesson meets the criteria. See: 'KS5 RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links' document for further reference. You will find all lesson plans and resources within this document. The PowerPoint presentations to accompany each session can be found within the KS5 resources on our resources page.

	Activities	Resources
1	 Gaming and Gambling: Bias and Ethics Focus: To understand what is meant by the terms 'the house always wins' and 'House Edge' To explore how marketing and advertising 	 KS5 Lesson 1 KS5 Lesson 1 PowerPoint Filming equipment/phone/craft materials
	 PSHE Programme of Study links: H14, R19, L26, L27 Cross curricular links: PSHE, Business, Computing and Ethics 	• Pen and paper
2	 Safeguarding: Gaming and Gambling: Safeguarding Focus: To understand the current regulations and proposed recommendations in relation to gambling To explore safeguarding and responsibility in relation to gambling 	 KS5 Lesson 2 KS5 Lesson 2 PowerPoint KS5 LP2 Resource 1 – card sort KS5 LP2 Resource 2 – industry profiles Pen and paper
	PSHE Programme of Study links: H14, R19, L26, L27 Cross curricular links: PSHE, Business, Ethics	
3	 Finances, Debt and Support Focus: To understand the risks of debt and how to manage personal finances To explore the term safeguarding and understand the measures needs to safeguard at risk people/groups 	 KS5 Lesson 3 KS5 Lesson 3 PowerPoint KS5 LP3 Resource 1 – scenario cards KS5 LP3 Resource 2-signposting services Computer suite (optional) Pen and paper
	PSHE Programme of Study links: H1, H4, H6, H7, H10, H13, H14, L13, L18, L23, L26, L27 Cross curricular links: PSHE, Finance, Economics, Maths	
4	Gaming, gambling and mental health Focus:	KS5 Lesson 4KS5 Lesson 4 PowerPoint



KS5 Lessons and Resources

	 To understand how to identify gaming and gambling related harm To explore strategies for maintaining positive mental health PSHE Programme of Study links: H4, H5, H6, H7, H10, H13, H14, R1, R5, R19, R25, L18 Cross curricular links: PSHE, Health and Social Care, Biology, Psychology 	 KS5 LP4 Resource 1 – scenario cards Filming equipment (optional) Pen and paper
5	 Esports and Professional Gaming Focus: To explore the career opportunities within the gaming industry To evaluate the impact of gaming on mental health and wellbeing PSHE Programme of Study links: H4, H13, H14, L2, L3, L4, L27 Cross curricular links: PSHE, Computing, Careers 	 KS5 Lesson 5 KS5 Lesson 5 PowerPoint KS5 LP5 Resource 1 - info sheet Pen and paper
6	 Let's Open Up On Loot Boxes Focus: To understand the nature of microtransactions and loot boxes in particular To evaluate current and proposed legislation PSHE Programme of Study links: H5, H13, L13, L18, L27 Cross curricular links: PSHE, Computing 	 KS5 Lesson 6 KS5 Lesson 6 PowerPoint Pen and paper

Safeguarding:

It is important to establish a safe learning environment with clear guidance ground rules. Children and young people should feel able to seek support if necessary and be provided with appropriate support and additional sign posting options. You may wish to work with your DSL. This topic may lead to some children sharing sensitive information and personal experiences which may trigger emotions. In each lesson they should be reminded they can talk to staff within the school. You can also share the sign posting options.



Service	Role
NATIONAL CAMELING HELPLINE GamCare 0808 8020 133	Service for anyone in UK age 16+. Offering 1-2-1 face to face support as well as telephone support via the free number available 24hrs a day, 7 days a week. Additionally, an online chat function is available as well as group chats and forums.
	Young People Support service: <u>YoungPeopleService@gamcare.org.uk</u> T: 02030926964
妸 Gamban	<u>https://gamban.com/</u> Self-exclusion tool: Provides ability to block access to online gambling sites and apps.
	BigDeal.org.uk Provides support for 11-19 year olds. Offers a 1-2-1 confidential chat room throughout Great Britain.
Childline ONLINE, ON THE PHONE, ANYTIME childline.org.uk 0800 1111	Childline works with children and young people until their 19 th birthday. They offer a FREE telephone service plus online support and message boards available 24hrs a day as well as practical online materials and activities.
shout for support in a crisis	Text service: 85258. Free service to anyone in crisis. https://giveusashout.org/
NHS	Provides free healthcare for people of all ages across the UK. There are NHS Gambling clinics in Manchester, Leeds, Sunderland and London and a national gaming clinic in London. They can provide support for those experiencing harm as well as those affected by someone else's problem. National Gaming Clinic and Gambling Clinics <u>ncba.cnwl@nhs.net</u> 02073817722



Gaming and Gambling: Bias and Ethics

Learning Objectives:

- To understand what is meant by the terms 'the house always wins' and 'House Edge'
- To explore how marketing and advertising might influence the perception of success

Learning Outcomes:

- You can explain and define the terms 'the house always wins' and 'House Edge'.
- You can explore different marketing and advertising strategies
- You can discuss the implications of marketing and advertising and share your own opinions

Resources:

- KS5 Lesson 1. 'Gaming and gambling: bias and ethics' PowerPoint
- Pen and paper
- Filming equipment/phones/craft materials

RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links: H14, R19, L26, L27

See: RSE and PSHE Programme of Study KS5 Document for further reference.

Cross Curricular Links:

PSHE, Business, Computing and Ethics

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NOTE: This lesson can be completed as a stand-alone lesson or as part of the KS5 SOW for which it is part 1 of 6 lessons. Depending on the time allocated for PSHE provision you may wish to deliver this session as two separate lessons in which case you may choose to adapt the SOW to suit the needs of your school.



Starter	Main	Plenary
Starter Post-it: How are games/gambling activities advertised and marketed? Follow with discussion to generate ethical debate: How does sports contribute? How do influencers and celebrity endorsements contribute? How does social media	NumRaising awareness:Split the class into 3groups and assign eachgroup a focus:a)gamesb)social media andinfluencersc)sportsEach group creates a shortvideo or poster/leaflet to	Pledge: Each team will pledge to share their work with one key audience e.g. in assemblies, around school, in the community, on social media etc. Teacher to remind
 contribute? Do these advertisements ever show failure/losses? Is gambling advertised in games? How are young people safeguarded? Think of the games you play/have played are they set up with a fair chance of winning? Define the term 'House Edge.' What do people mean when they say the house always wins'? Does this apply to all forms of gambling? 	 inform their peers of the impact of gaming and gambling advertising. Consider: What is the message of the advertising? Who is the target? Are young people safeguarded? How can young people make informed choices moving forward? 	students of where they can get help. If they are worried about their own or someone else's relationship with gaming or gambling they can speak to a member of staff. BigDeal and Childline sign posting options.
Definition: This is the mathematical advantage that the gambling product and therefore, the gambling firm/venue has over the player. This advantage results in an assured percentage return over time. (www.casino.org) Let's debate: Children have reported seeing gambling adverts in the mobile games they play. Is this ethical?		



KS5 L2

Gaming and Gambling: Safeguarding

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the current regulations and proposed recommendations in relation to gaming and gambling
- To explore safeguarding in relation to gambling and gaming

Learning Outcomes:

- You can describe current regulations and proposed recommendations
- You can explore each industry's role and responsibilities
- You can put forward justified arguments to your peers

Resources:

- KS5 Lesson 2 'Gaming and Gambling: Who is responsible?' PowerPoint
- Resource 1 Card sort
- Resource 2 Profiles
- Pen and paper
- Computer suite (optional)

RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links: H14, R19, L26, L27

See: RSE and PSHE Programme of Study KS5 Document for further reference.

Cross Curricular Links:

PSHE, Business and Ethics

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NOTE: This lesson can be completed as a stand-alone lesson or as part of the KS5 SOW for which it is part 2 of 6 lessons. Depending on the time allocated for PSHE provision you may wish to deliver this session as two separate lessons in which case you may choose to adapt the SOW to suit the needs of your school.



Students sort the statements into two groups: current regulations vs.Split the class into groups and assign each group an industry (Advertising, gaming, gambling Resource 2 can assist).Each in gaming, gambling Resource 2 can assist).proposedSource:	We proudly present: Each team will take it in turns to score the presentation out of 5 and provide feedback.
(resource 1)Industry-committee/news/14/12/time-to-act-to-reduce- gamblingrelated-harm-says-lords-report/Follow with discussion:Each group creates a presentation of the following:• Are any of the answers surprising?Each group creates a presentation of the following:• Are any of the answers surprising?• What they currently do to support safer gaming/gambling• Who is responsible for putting regulations in 	 They must pick up on: 1 interesting point the team made 1 feature that is shared with their own findings Teacher to remind students of where they can get help. If they are worried about their own or someone else's relationship with gaming or gambling they can speak to a member of staff. BigDeal and Childline sign posting options.



Current regulations	Proposed regulations
Games carry a PEGI rating according	Games tested with harm indicators
to which age the game is deemed	to establish the potential
suitable for. Games with in-game	addictiveness and the appeal to
purchases carry a warning label.	young people.
Maximum stake for fixed odds	Maximum stake limit for online
betting terminals limited to £2.	gambling products.
Games provide the 'odds' of	Provide information on the 'odds' or
obtaining items such as rare players	amount of the stake retained by the
and weaponry.	'house'
Gambling operators work	Work with financial operators such as
independently to financial operators	banks to complete affordability
but adhere to self-exclusion	checks on consumers before allowing
regulations.	them to gamble.
In game purchases that have	Class any in game purchases that
characteristics of gambling, but	have characteristics of gambling as a
which use virtual money, are not classed as gambling.	form of gambling.
The minimum age to purchase and	The minimum age to purchase and
play national lottery products is 16	play national lottery products is 18
years of age.	years of age.
Gambling operators do not advertise	Gambling operators remove
on children's sports kits.	advertising from all sports kits, as
	well as all sports grounds and
	programmes.



Advertising:

Current efforts:

- Remove advertising from children's kits
- Whistle to whistle ban on advertising during live events

Issues:

- Advertising on kits and in stadiums
- Advertising on programmes e.g., Match of the Day
- Advertising on none-live events e.g., when streamed

Recommendations (House of Lords Select Committee on the Social and Economic Impact of the Gambling Industry:

- Remove all advertising from kit and stadium
- Remove all advertising from programmes

Gaming:

Current efforts:

- PEGI ratings
- Warning labels representing in-game purchases

Issues:

- If virtual money is used it is simulated gambling and so carries no age restrictions
- No test for addictiveness and appeal for children
- Loot boxes causing or benefitting from gambling related harm (Dr Zendell/Dr Cairns)

Recommendations/future actions:

- The Government must act immediately to bring loot boxes within the remit of gambling legislation and regulation
- Harm indicator test to establish level of addictiveness and appeal for children

Gambling

Current efforts:

- Age restrictions of 16/18 on many gambling products
- Age restrictions and age checks at gambling venues e.g., casinos and races.
- Self-exclusion schemes

Issues:

- Online betting much faster rate of play than offline
- Inconsistencies of affordability checks
- Machines often show amount returned to player, but this is not always clear or very well understood.

Recommendations/future actions:

- Affordability checks
- Introduce maximum stake betting limits online
- Equalise speed of play for online and offline gambling
- Display 'odds' or 'house' stake retention on machines prominently and clearer.
- Regulation of VIP schemes to ensure they do not entice at risk gamblers
- Bank and UK Finance should create and industry wide protocol on blocking gambling payments with a 48 hour cooling off period.



KS5 L3

Finances, Debt and Support

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the potential impact of debt and how to manage personal finances
- To explore the term safeguarding and understand the need to safeguard at risk people/ groups

Learning Outcomes:

- You can describe the risks and the impacts of debt
- You can identify ways to manage your personal finances
- You can explore safeguarding in relation to gambling and at-risk people

Resources:

- KS5 Lesson 3 'Finances, debt and responsibility' PowerPoint
- Resource 1 scenario cards
- Pen and paper
- Computer suite (optional)

RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links: H1, H4, H6, H7, H10, H13, H14, L13, L18, L23, L26, L27

See: RSE and PSHE Programme of Study KS5 Document for further reference.

Cross Curricular Links:

PSHE, Finance, Economics, Maths

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NOTE: This lesson can be completed as a stand-alone lesson or as part of the KS5 SOW for which it is part 3 of 6 lessons. Depending on the time allocated for PSHE provision you may wish to deliver this session as two separate lessons in which case you may choose to adapt the SOW to suit the needs of your school.



Starter	Main	Plenary
Mind-map: G	Group chat:	We proudly present:
	Discuss the following:	Each group presents their
of the risks/impacts of debt. W	What can individuals do to	plans to the class and take
_	manage their finances?	questions and feedback
	Who else is responsible for	from the audience.
	supporting financial	
	management e.g. banks,	Teacher to remind
-	inancial advisors, education,	students of where they
	apps, suppliers etc.? What	can get help. If they are
	about in relation to	worried about their own
	gambling? What duty of care	or someone else's
	do the providers have to the ndividual?	relationship with gaming or gambling they can
their money?		speak to a member of
-	- inancial planning:	staff.
	Split the class into groups.	Starr.
J .	Provide students with the	BigDeal and Childline sign
<i>o</i> , <i>o</i> , <i>i</i>	scenario cards. Students	posting options.
re	read each scenario and	
СІ	create a financial plan that	
ir	ncludes both individual and	
ir	ndustry-based interventions.	
C	Considering, who, what and	
h	now. (resource 1)	
	Encourage the groups to	
	hink about key industry	
	nterventions such as using	
	apps such as Gamban (which	
	self-excludes from gambling	
	websites) and ensuring banks and operators work	
	closely to safeguard people	
	at risk. (resource 2)	



Scenario 1: Madiyah	Scenario 2: Jamal
Madiyah has just started a part-time job at her Auntie's salon on weekends. She has started spending some of her wage on online gambling apps such as online poker. She made money at first, but now is struggling to regain what she has lost in the last few weeks. She wants to block herself from going on the app somehow but often spends her money on gambling and feels like she is chasing losses all the time.	Jamal has opened a bank account and wants to start making money to put into it. He has a part time job but also makes money on the side by playing games with his sixth form friends such as 'penny up'. Every day he is betting against different groups of friends and every evening he is dreaming up more schemes for making money. He's started using online gambling sites too – he goes online every night and has stopped seeing his family and friends outside of college.
Scenario 3: Aleksandra	Scenario 4: Georgie
Aleksandra has always watched family members gamble and lose large amounts of money. At the moment they can't afford to buy food and are at risk of eviction. Aleksandra wonders if she should try to win some money by gambling. She feels hopeless and depressed and cannot see a way out of this.	Georgie is a huge football fan and goes to the game every weekend with their dad. Georgie has an old shirt which doesn't have the betting logo on but sees the logo at all the games on shirts and in the stands. Georgie's dad bets on the games every week and they join in now they have a part time wage. Georgie has started betting on other sports too and use most of their wage on online bets. Georgie wants to save for a car but is struggling to save enough each month to do both things so is looking at the possibility of getting a loan.



Support/Sign Posting Services			
Service	Role		
GamCare 0808 8020 133	Service for anyone in UK age 16+. Offering 1-2-1 face to face support as well as telephone support via the free number available 24hrs a day, 7 days a week. Additionally, an online chat function is available as well as group chats and forums.		
	Young People Support service: <u>YoungPeopleService@gamcare.org.uk</u> T: 02030926964		
Gamban	https://gamban.com/ Self-exclusion tool: Provides ability to block access to online gambling sites and apps.		
	BigDeal.org.uk Provides support for 11-19 year olds. Offers a 1-2-1 confidential chat room throughout Great Britain.		
Childline ONLINE, ON THE PHONE, ANYTIME childline.org.uk 0800 1111	Childline works with children and young people until their 19 th birthday. They offer a FREE telephone service plus online support and message boards available 24hrs a day as well as practical online materials and activities.		
shout for support in a crisis	Text service: 85258. Free service to anyone in crisis. https://giveusashout.org/		
NHS	Provides free healthcare for people of all ages across the UK. There are NHS Gambling clinics in Manchester, Leeds, Sunderland and London and a national gaming clinic in London. They can provide support for those experiencing harm as well as those affected by someone else's problem. National Gaming Clinic and Gambling Clinics <u>ncba.cnwl@nhs.net</u> 02073817722		



Gaming, Gambling and Mental Health

Learning Objectives:

- To understand how to identify gaming and gambling related harm
- To explore strategies for maintaining physical and mental well being

Learning Outcomes:

- You can differentiate between healthy and harmful gaming/gambling
- You can empathise with someone experiencing gaming/gambling related harm
- You can identify a range of strategies for maintain positive mental health

Resources:

- KS5 Lesson 4 'Gaming, gambling and mental health' PowerPoint
- Resource 1 scenario cards
- Pen and paper
- Filming equipment/phones (optional)

RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links: H4, H5, H6, H7, H10, H13, H14, R1, R5, R19, R25, L18

See: RSE and PSHE Programme of Study KS5 Document for further reference.

Cross Curricular Links:

PSHE, Health and Social Care, Biology, Psychology

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Starter	Main	Plenary
 Stand up if: Read the following statements and ask the young people to stand up if they have ever Played pitch and toss/penny up/coin game at school Bet amongst friends Bought and won on a scratch card Lied to people about money spent on gaming/gambling Played on the penny slot machines Picked a horse for someone when betting on the horse racing Played bingo Played the national lottery Picked an outcome for someone betting on Esports Played an free online free game that has a roulette wheel Borrowed money for a game/gambling activity Ensure that students feel it is a safe environment to do this activity. It could be that groups close their eyes and raise their hands or write down and post their activities anonymously. 	 Health vs harm: Students create mind-maps of the signs and symptoms of gaming and gambling related harm. In their shoes: Students work in pairs/small groups. Students are given a choice of scenarios and must create a short radio/ written interview, playing the role stated on the cards (resource 1). Each group is to consider: the behaviours of someone experiencing gaming/gambling related harm the wider impact on their mental health the impact on lives of those around them strategies for maintaining/rebuilding positive mental health 	Post it: Students post strategies for maintaining positive mental health. Teacher to remind students of where they can get help. If they are worried about their own or someone else's relationship with gaming or gambling they can speak to a member of staff. GamCare and Childline sign posting options.



Scenario 1:	Scenario 2:
Interviewee: Rosa (Liam's	Interviewee: Kareem
parent/guardian)	
parent/guardian)	Kareem wants to be an Esports
Liam is gaming excessively. He descrit	·
Liam is gaming excessively. He doesn't	professional. He plans to go to the local
come down to eat anymore and is losing	university which offers an Esports degree.
weight from poor diet and limited exercise.	He is finding it hard to balance time as loves
He gets angry when his gaming is brought	socialising with friends but wants to get
up and relationships have broken down	ahead in his career. He has seen his friends
completely. He's struggling with his college	get completely absorbed in Esports and he
subjects and is at risk of failing his exams.	wants to make sure he still has a good work
	life balance.
Scenario 3:	Scenario 4:
Interviewee: Bart	Interviewee: Taylor
Bart has watched his brother struggle with	
a gambling addiction for the last two years.	Taylor used to gamble as part of their social
His brother went to university and began	circle. They would spend money on college
gambling with his student loan. Bart has	games such as cards and penny up, but this
watched his brother go from enjoying	slowly progressed into gambling alone on
gambling with his university friends, to	different apps. Taylor ended up hundreds
isolating himself in his dorm and lie about	of pounds in debt and suffered from
what he is spending his time and money on.	anxiety and depression. Taylor finally
He is worried that his brother is suffering	opened up to a family member and began
from severe depression because of	the road to recovery.
gambling.	
Scenario 5:	Scenario 6:
Interviewee: Marcus	Interviewee: James
Marcus always sees his friends buying	James has always had older friends because
scratch cards and lottery tickets now they	he has a brother and cousins that are older
have turned 16 – it seems to be part of	than him. They are always going to the
their culture. They've now also started	horse races and putting bets on at races
playing cards for money during free	and football matches. Now he has a part
periods. Marcus feels isolated because in	time job, James has been asking them to
his culture it is frowned upon to take part in	put bets on for him. He loves the thrill of
gambling activities like scratch cards. He's	watching the events and hoping for a big
torn between fitting in and taking part in	win. Sometimes he needs to borrow money
social activities and letting his own family	and work overtime to pay his friends back.
and community down. He doesn't feel that	
his friends understand his culture and he is	
afraid they will kick him out of the group if	
he tells them.	
	1



Esports and Professional Gaming

Learning Objectives:

- To explore the career opportunities within the gaming industry
- To evaluate the impact of gaming on mental and physical wellbeing

Learning Outcomes:

- You can identify a range of careers opportunities in gaming and e-sports
- You can explain the benefits and risks of pursuing a career in professional gaming
- You can identify a range of strategies to maintain and promote physical and mental wellbeing

Resources:

- KS5 Lesson 5 'Esports and Professional gaming' PowerPoint
- Resource 1 key info sheet
- Pen and paper

RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links: H4, H13, H14, L2, L3, L4, L27

See: RSE and PSHE Programme of Study KS5 Document for further reference.

Cross Curricular Links:

PSHE, Computing, Careers

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Starter	Main	Plenary
What jobs are out there?	Let's advertise:	Final thoughts:
In groups, students list as	In pairs or groups, choose a	What are students'
many job opportunities	job from the starter task	thoughts on the session?
within the gaming sector	and create a quick job	How do they feel about
they can think of. Examples	advertisement with the	careers with the field of
include programmers, artists, voice actors,	relevant requirements.	Esports? Has anything surprised them? What are
commentators, e-sports athlete etc.	IT option: Use resource 1 to	the pros and cons?
Discuss with students:	search specific websites. Benefits and risks:	Teacher to remind students of where they can get help.
Esports are one of the	As a group, discuss the	If they are worried about
fastest growing sectors in the UK, meaning opportunities are growing rapidly (provide resource 1 – info sheet).	benefits and risks that come with applying for gaming jobs. Or from working within the gaming industry. How can young people mitigate these risks?	their own or someone else's relationship with gaming or gambling they can speak to a member of staff.
	Consider: time spent gaming in order to develop skill, work life balance, skills needed and acquired for gaming career, technology,	GamCare and Childline sign posting options.
	access to technology.	



Esports - key info:

Esports are one of the fastest growing sectors in the UK with the number of full time job vacancies growing 118% from 3,821 in 2018 to 8,330 in 2019 (https://esportsnews.co.uk/2020/02/05/number-of-esports-jobs-rises-hitmarker/). That means that opportunities for young people are growing rapidly and their aspiration of working with video games may not be so far away.

Websites for researching job info:

- www.hitmarker.net
- www.glassdoor.co.uk
- www.Britishesports.org/careers/
- www.rektjobs.com



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- www.Britishesports.org/careers/
- www.rektjobs.com







Let's Open Up On Loot Boxes!

Learning Objectives:

- To understand the nature of microtransactions and loot boxes in particular
- To evaluate current and proposed legislation

Learning Outcomes:

- You can describe microtransactions and loot boxes
- You can evaluate the current legislation
- You can evaluate the proposed legislation

Resources:

- KS5 Lesson 6 'Let's open up on loot boxes' PowerPoint
- Pen and paper

RSE and PSHE Programme of Study Links: H5, H13, L13, L18, L27

See: RSE and PSHE Programme of Study KS5 Document for further reference.

Cross Curricular Links:

PSHE, Computing

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Starter	Main	Plenary
 Carousel: Create mind maps for the following statements. Students move around the room and add to each mind map as part of a carousel. Devices used to play games Gambling style features in games In game purchases/items Ways to purchase things within a game 	 Let's debate: Split the group into two and debate the following statement: A) Loot boxes should be prohibited to those over 18 years of age. OR B) In-app purchases should be banned for games all together. 	Post-it: Students post a Tweet or Hashtag using post-its or an online platform to sum up the session on loot boxes/in game purchases. Teacher to remind students of where they can get help. If they are worried about their own or someone else's relationship with gaming or gambling they can speak to a member of staff.
Review the mind maps as a group. Discuss why people do/do not purchase microtransactions such as loot boxes etc. Pose the question: If games have gambling style features are they considered to be a form of gambling?		GamCare and Childline sign posting options.



